



Linux Ubuntu 22.4.5 Manual Pages on command 'Lintian::Processable::Installed.3'

\$ man Lintian::Processable::Installed.3

Lintian::Processable::Installed(3)Debian Package CheckerLintian::Processable::Installed(3)

NAME

Lintian::Processable::Installed - access to collected data about the upstream
(orig) sources

SYNOPSIS

```
use Lintian::Processable;  
  
my $processable = Lintian::Processable::Binary->new;
```

DESCRIPTION

Lintian::Processable::Installed provides an interface to collected data about the upstream (orig) sources.

INSTANCE METHODS

installed

Returns a index object representing installed files from a binary package.

index (FILE)

Returns a path object to FILE in the package. FILE must be relative to the root of the unpacked package and must be without leading slash (or "/"). If FILE is not in the package, it returns "undef". If FILE is supposed to be a

directory, it must be given with a trailing slash. Example:

```
my $file = $info->index ("usr/bin/lintian");  
my $dir = $info->index ("usr/bin/");
```

To get a list of entries in the package, see "sorted_index". To actually access the underlying file (e.g. the contents), use "unpacked ([FILE])".

Note that the "root directory" (denoted by the empty string) will always be present, even if the underlying tarball omits it.

Needs-Info requirements for using index: unpacked

sorted_index

Returns a sorted array of file names listed in the package. The names will not have a leading slash (or "./") and can be passed to "unpacked ([FILE])" or "index (FILE)" as is.

The array will not contain the entry for the "root" of the package.

index_resolved_path(PATH)

Resolve PATH (relative to the root of the package) and return the entry denoting the resolved path.

The resolution is done using `resolve_path`.

AUTHOR

Originally written by Felix Lechner <felix.lechner@lease-up.com> for Lintian.

SEE ALSO

lintian(1)